

LITERAL EQUATIONS

Name Key
Date _____ Period _____

Day 7

Target: Rewrite equations and formulas.

Let's start with what you already know!!

Solve for x: $x - 10y = 5$ $x = 15$
 $\begin{array}{r} x - 10y = 5 \\ +10 \quad +10 \\ \hline \end{array}$

You were able to add 10 and 5 because they are LIKE TERMS.

What if they aren't? Solve for x in the following:

$x - y = 5$
 $\begin{array}{r} x - y = 5 \\ +y \quad +y \\ \hline \end{array}$

$x = 5 + y$ ← can't combine

← isolate x = get x by itself

For each of the following, solve for y.

A. $7 + y = 8$
 $y = 1$

B. $6 = 3y - 4$
 $\begin{array}{r} 6 = 3y - 4 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline 10 = 3y \\ \frac{10}{3} = \frac{3y}{3} \\ \frac{10}{3} = y \end{array}$

C. $-10 - 2y = 6$
 $\begin{array}{r} -10 - 2y = 6 \\ +10 \quad +10 \\ \hline -2y = 16 \\ \frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{16}{-2} \\ y = -8 \end{array}$

Write the equation so that y is a function of x (This means solve for y!)

↑ isolate y

D. $2x + y = 8$
 $\begin{array}{r} 2x + y = 8 \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline y = 8 - 2x \end{array}$
 OR
 $y = -2x + 8$

E. $x = 3y - 4$
 $\begin{array}{r} x = 3y - 4 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline x + 4 = 3y \\ \frac{x+4}{3} = \frac{3y}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{4}{3} = y \end{array}$

F. $-x - 3y = 18$
 $\begin{array}{r} -x - 3y = 18 \\ -3y = 18 + x \\ \frac{-3y}{-3} = \frac{18+x}{-3} \\ y = -6 - \frac{1}{3}x \end{array}$
 OR
 $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 6$

Write the equation so that x is a function of y (This means solve for x!)

G. $2x + y = 8$
 $\begin{array}{r} 2x + y = 8 \\ \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{8-y}{2} \\ x = 4 - \frac{1}{2}y \end{array}$

H. $2x + y = -4$
 $\begin{array}{r} 2x + y = -4 \\ \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-4-y}{2} \\ x = -2 - \frac{1}{2}y \end{array}$

I. $-x - 3y = 18$
 $\begin{array}{r} -x - 3y = 18 \\ \frac{-x}{-1} = \frac{18+3y}{-1} \\ x = -18 - 3y \end{array}$

Literal Equations as formulas:

1) Solve for C: $P = R - C$
 $= -R - R$

$$\frac{P-R}{-1} = \frac{-C}{-1}$$

$$\boxed{-P + R = C}$$

2) Solve for m: $\frac{F}{a} = \frac{ma}{a}$

$$\boxed{\frac{F}{a} = m}$$

3) Solve for r: $\frac{I}{Pt} = \frac{Pr}{Pt}$

$$\boxed{\frac{I}{Pt} = r}$$

4) Solve for x: $ax - by = c$
 $+by +by$

$$\frac{ax}{a} = \frac{c}{a} + \frac{by}{a}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{c}{a} + \frac{by}{a}}$$

5) Solve for x: $4x - \frac{1}{5}y = 16$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{16}{4} + \frac{\frac{1}{5}y}{4}$$

$$\boxed{x = 4 + \frac{1}{20}y}$$

6) Solve for x: $3x - \frac{1}{4}y = -12$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-12}{3} + \frac{\frac{1}{4}y}{3}$$

$$\boxed{x = -4 + \frac{1}{12}y}$$

7) $4 \cdot S = \frac{GrK}{4} \cdot 4$; Solve for K.

$$\frac{4s}{Gr} = \frac{GrK}{Gr}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{4s}{Gr} = K}$$

8) $R = \frac{8yz}{a}$; Solve for y.

$$\frac{Ra}{8z} = \frac{8yz}{8z}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{Ra}{8z} = y}$$