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Date $\qquad$
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A $\qquad$ linear equation has no operations other than addition, subtraction, or multiplication of a variable by a constant.

Part 1: State whether the function is a linear function.
$X \cdot X \cdot X$
a) $g(x)=2 x-5$
b) $p(x)=x^{3}+2$
c) $t(x)=4+7 x$
d) $g(x, y)=3 x y$
yes
no
no

Part II: Evaluate a linear function.
The linear function $f(C)=1.8 C+32$ can be used to find the number of degrees Fahrenheit $(f)$ that are equivalent to a given number of degrees Celsius $(C)$.
a) On the Celsius scale, normal body temperature is $37^{\circ} C$. What is it in degrees Fahrenheit?

$$
\begin{aligned}
f(37) & =1.8(37)+32 \\
& =66.6+32
\end{aligned}=98.6^{\circ} 8
$$

b) There are 100 Celsius degrees between the freezing and boiling points of water and 180 Fahrenheit degrees between these two points. How many Fahrenheit degrees equal 1 Celsius degree?

$$
\frac{100^{\circ} c}{180^{\circ} p}=\frac{1^{\circ} c}{x}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
100 x & =180 \\
x & =1.8^{\circ} \mathrm{F}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
10 x=18
$$

Part III: Write each equation in standard form $(A x+B y=C)$ where $\mathbf{A}$ must be a positive, whole number! Identify $A, B$, and $C$.
a) $y=3 x-9$


A: 3
B: -1
$c: 9$
b) $-\frac{2}{3} x=2 y-1$


$$
\begin{gathered}
3=2 x+6 y \\
2 x+6 y=3
\end{gathered}
$$

$A=2$
B: 6
$c: 3$
c) $3 x-9 y+6=0$

$$
3 x-9 y=-6
$$

A: 3
B: -9
C: -6

Part IV: Find the $x$-intercept and $y$-intercept and graph the equation.
a) $-2 x+y-4=0$

b) $-y+3 x=-6$


The x -intercept is the value of x when $\qquad$ $y=0$

$$
\begin{aligned}
-2 x+0-4 & =0 \\
-2 x-4 & =0 \\
-2 x & =4 \\
x & =-2
\end{aligned}
$$

The $y$-intercept is the value of $y$ when $\qquad$ $x=0$

$$
\begin{aligned}
-2(0)+y-4 & =0 \\
y-4 & =0 \\
y & =4
\end{aligned}
$$

