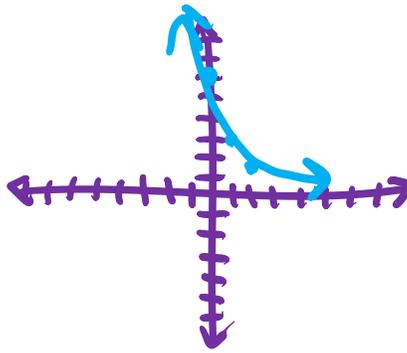


# 9.1-9.3 HW worksheet

①  $y = 6\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$

D: all real #s

R: all POSITIVE  
real #s



②  $y = 0.3\left(\frac{8}{9}\right)^x$  growth

~~③~~  $(0, -5)$   $(-3, -40)$

⑥  $10^{x+3} > 100^{x-1}$

$10^{x+3} > 10^{2(x-1)}$

$x+3 > 2x-2$   
 $-1x > -5$

$x < 5$

⑦  $5^{-4} = \frac{1}{625}$

$\log_5 \frac{1}{625} = -4$

⑧  $\log_6 6^8$

$8$

~~⑨~~  $\log_8 128$

⑩  $\log_{64} x = \frac{2}{3}$

$64^{\frac{2}{3}} = x$

$x = 16$

⑪  $\log_4 (2x+5) \leq \log_4 (3x-2)$

$2x+5 \leq 3x-2$

$-1x \leq -7$

$x \geq 7$

$$\log_5 2 \approx x$$

$$\log_5 3 \approx y$$

$$\textcircled{12} \log_5 18 \log_5 (3^2 \cdot 2)$$

$$2 \cdot \log_5 3 + \log_5 2$$

$$2(y) + x$$

$$\boxed{2y + x}$$

$$\textcircled{13} \log_5 \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\log_5 5 - \log_5 2$$

$$\boxed{1 - x}$$

$$\textcircled{14} \log_5 n = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \log_5 64 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \log_5 49$$

$$\log_5 n = \log_5 64^{\frac{1}{3}} + \log_5 49^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\log_5 n = \log_5 (4 \cdot 7)$$

$$\boxed{n = 28}$$

$$\textcircled{15} \log_6 (5 - 2a) - \log_6 (3a) = 1$$

$$\log_6 \left( \frac{5 - 2a}{3a} \right) = 1$$

$$3a \cdot 6^1 = \frac{5 - 2a}{3a} \cdot 3a$$

$$18a = 5 - 2a$$

$$20a = 5$$

$$\boxed{a = .25}$$

$$\textcircled{16} \log_3 (x - 3) + \log_3 (x + 2) = \log_3 6$$

$$\text{Foil} \quad (x - 3)(x + 2) = 6$$

$$x^2 - x - 6 = 6$$

$$x^2 - x - 12 = 0$$

$$(x - 4)(x + 3) = 0$$

$$x = 4 \text{ and } -3$$

$$\boxed{x = 4}$$